This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (Previously presented): A method for generating singlet oxygen by reacting a polymer-immobilized photosensitizer with oxygen in the presence of visible light which is absorbed by the photosensitizer wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer comprises a cross-linked polymer backbone to which is bound a plurality of photosensitizer groups and a plurality of cationic groups *QR3 wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of phosphorus and nitrogen, each R is independently a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to about 20 carbons or an aralkyl group and the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR3 is at least four.

Claim 2 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR_3 in the polymerimmobilized photosensitizer is from 4 to about 40.

Claim 3 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR_3 in the polymerimmobilized photosensitizer is from 12 to about 30.

Claim 4 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein all groups QR_3 in the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer are identical. Claim 5 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer comprises at least two different groups QR_3 .

Claim 6 (Original):. The method of Claim 4 wherein each Q in the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer is a phosphorus atom.

Claim 7 (Amended): The method of Claim 1 wherein the photosensitizer group is selected from the group consisting of Rose Bengal, Eosin Y, Alizarin Red S, Congo Red, Orange G, fluorescein dyes, rhodamine dyes, Erythrosin B, chlorophyllin trisodium salt, salts of hemin, hematoporphyrin, Methylene Blue, Crystal Violet and Malachite Green.

Claim 8 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the photosensitizer group is Rose Bengal.

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Claim 9 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the photosensitizer groups are covalently linked to the polymer backbone through linker groups.

Claim 10 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein the photosensitizer groups are bound to the polymer by electrostatic attraction to the cationic groups.

Claim 11 (Original): The method of Claim 1 wherein each Q in the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer is a phosphorus atom, the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR_3 is from 12 to about 30 and the photosensitizer group is Rose Bengal.

Claim 12 (Original): The method of Claim 1 performed in a solvent.

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Claim 13 (Twice Amended): The method of Claim 1 wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer is in the form of small particles having a diameter of less than about 0.2 mm.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The method of Claim 1 wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer has the formula:

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wherein A, B and C together with the two carbons of the 10 polymer chain represent ethylenically unsaturated monomer units which can include alkyl substituents on the chains, A is a monovalent group selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, carboxyl ester-COOR, oxycarbonyl, -OC(=0)R, and carboxamide $-C(=0)NR_2$, B and 15 C are each either a bond or a divalent linker group selected from the group consisting of alkylene, arylene, aralkylene, carboxyl -COO-, oxycarbonyl, -OC(=0)-, and carboxamide-C(=0)NR-, wherein m, n and p represent the mole fraction of the respective monomer units wherein p is from about 0.01 to 20 about 0.1, m is from 0 to about 0.95, n is from about 0.05 to about 0.95, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of phosphorus and nitrogen, each R is independently a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to about 20 carbons or an aralkyl group and the average total number of 25 carbon atoms in the group QR_3 is at least 4 and Sens is an anionic photosensitizer group.

Claim 15 (Original): The method of Claim 14 wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer has the formula:

wherein A is a phenyl group, B is a benzyl group, C is a p10 phenylene group.

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Claim 16 (Currently Amended): The method of Claim 14 wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer has the formula:

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wherein A, B and C together with the two carbons of the polymer chain represent ethylenically unsaturated monomer units which can include alkyl substituents on the chains, A 10 is a monovalent group selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, carboxyl ester-COOR, oxycarbonyl, -OC(=0)R, and carboxamide $-C(=0)NR_2$, B and C are each either a bond or a divalent linker group selected 15 from the group consisting of alkylene, arylene, aralkylene, carboxyl -COO-, oxycarbonyl, -OC(=0)-, and carboxamide-C(=O)NR-, wherein 1, m, n and p represent the mole fraction of the respective monomer units wherein p is from about 0.01 to about 0.1, m is from 0 to about 0.95, n is from about 0.05 20 to about 0.95, 1 is from about 0.05 to about 0.95, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of phosphorus and nitrogen, each R is independently a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to about 20 carbons or an aralkyl group and the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR, is at least 4, wherein X is selected from the group 25 consisting of halide and sulfonate ester and Sens is a

photosensitizer group.

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Claim 17 (Currently Amended): A method for oxidizing an oxidizable compound comprising admixing an oxidizable compound and a polymer-immobilized photosensitizer in a solvent, providing oxygen to the reaction mixture and irradiating the mixture with light to produce singlet oxygen 5 for reaction with the oxidizable compound wherein the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer comprises a cross-linked polymer backbone to which is bound a plurality of photosensitizer groups and a plurality of cationic groups †QR₁ 10 wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of phosphorus and nitrogen, each R is independently a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to about 20 carbons or an aralkyl group and the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR, is at least four.

Claim 18 (Original): The method of Claim 17 wherein each Q in the polymer-immobilized photosensitizer is a phosphorus atom, the average total number of carbon atoms in the group QR_3 is from 12 to about 30 and the photosensitizer group is Rose Bengal.

Claim 19 (Original): The method of Claim 17 wherein the photosensitizer groups are covalently linked to the polymer backbone through linker groups.

Claim 20 (Original): The method of Claim 17 wherein the photosensitizer groups are bound to the polymer by electrostatic attraction to the cationic groups.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): The method of Claim 17 wherein the oxidizable compound is selected from the group consisting of vinyl ethers, vinyl sulfides, enamines, non-activated alkenes, dienes, and sulfides.

Claim 22 (Original): The method of Claim 17 used to prepare a dioxetane compound from a vinyl ether by a 2 + 2 cycloaddition reaction with singlet oxygen.